Forbidden trees and the beautiful trees of Grenoble

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χ -bounded classes of graphs

Undirected version

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Def
G is H-free if \exists no H as induced sg in G
Forb H := { H-free graphs }
Forb H := { G | \exists no H \in H as induced sg in G }
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B ---- class of graphs (mostly closed under taking induced sg's) B χ -bounded: ∃ f such that for $\forall G \in B$ $\chi(G) \leq f[\omega(G)]$ (∃ f⇒ ∃ monotone f')

Oriented version

Induced subgraph \rightarrow Induced subdigraph

[Or] χ-bounded families of oriented graphs,
 Pierre Aboulker, Jørgen Bang-Jensen, Nicolas Bousquet, Pierre Charbit,
 Frédéric Havet, F (Frédéric Maffray), Jose Zamora

arXiv:1605.07411v1 [cs.DM] 24 May 2016

(On directed stars and orientations of P_4)



Corona of (any) graph C



Generalized Corona of graph C

GC:= {H | H is some generalized corona of C_{2k+1} }

Open problem C

Is Forb *GC* χ -bounded?

Conjecture C : Yes.

Remark Conjecture C would imply [odd].

[BM] G. Bacsó, E. Boros, V. Gurvich, **F**, M. Preissmann: On Minimal Imperfect Graphs with Circular Symmetry, J.of Graph Theory, 29(1998) 210-225

A brief summary, using general concepts

Def

 Γ --- (arbitrary) finite group A,B \subseteq Γ ("complexes")

(A,B) near-factorization of Γ :

 $\exists v \in \Gamma$ such that $\forall x \neq v \exists ! a \in A, b \in B$ with x=ab and v cannot be expressed so.

Short form: Γ -v=AB

Def Graph P partitionable: $\forall v \exists$ rectangle





 Γ , near-factorization (A,B) of $\Gamma \rightarrow P=P(A,B)$

$$P:=(\Gamma, E),$$

$$Q:= \{ xA \mid x \in \Gamma \}$$

$$E:=\{uv \mid \exists Q \in Q \text{ such that } u, v \in Q \}$$

Proposition

P(A,B) is always partitionable.

Marriage of algebra and graph theory!

Lovász's theorem ∀ Minimal imperfect graph is partitionable

But: Many non-min.-imp. partitionable graphs exist!

Examples

Web (except odd holes and anti-holes)

British Numeral System

In our paper the group Γ is generally Z_n

Open questions on near-factorizations

I. Conjecture [ae] Commutative but acyclic groups have no near-factorizations.

II. Some open questions in connection with graph theory, on α -critical edges, e.g.

On the same topics, but independently (~)

Maximal cliques of a graph ↓ Hypergraph ↓

Small chromatic number?

Main conjecture – refuted recently [IP]

P₅-free graphs, coloring problems

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 Given a P<sub>5</sub>-free graph G, χ(G)=?
 ----NP-hard.[KrKr]
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Given a fixed k, (1) can be solved in polynomial time. [Fix]

```
Theorem (F, Morel, G) [MM]
Linear time can also be realized.
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Forb P₅ is an "easy class" in some sense.

But ----, Contradicting example": ω for $2K_2$ -free graphs ($2K_2 \subseteq P_5$)

P₅-free graphs, [maximum] stable set problem (independent set)

For this problem the class is "easier"

History Def Subexponential algorithm:

```
f:=Runnning function = O(exp(n^{\epsilon})), \epsilon < 1
Or f=O[e^{o(n)}]
Or...
```

Theorem (B. Randerath, I. Schiermeyer, 2010) ∃Subexponential algorithm (in the stronger sense) for the stable set problem in P5-free graphs.



Def

Dominating set: Everything outside has at last one neighbour inside.

Remark In the result above,, a "harmless" lemma [BZS] has been applied: Lemma In a connected P_5 -free graph, \exists a dominating clique or a dominating P_3

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\alpha(G):=\max\{|T|: T \text{ stable set in } G\}
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H-problem: Compute α for H-free graphs (Briefly: α |H)



Notation S:={S_{i,j,k}|i,j,k=...}

Theorem

H not in $\mathbf{S} \Rightarrow \alpha | \mathbf{H} \in \mathsf{NPH}$

And the graphs in S?

 $H=P_{+}$ T=4 ---- obviously in P t=5,6 ---- in P [Lsh] For any fixed t, \exists subexponential algorithm for α |H [BDMZs] $(S_{1,1,2}) \Rightarrow \alpha | H \in P \text{ (Alekseev)}$ H=Fork H --- Generalized Fork H ---Broom $\Rightarrow \exists$ subexponential approximation algorithm [Six] Generally the Broom is not in S ļ

Even it is possible:

", \forall H∈**S**, α | H∈P" (But it will be very difficult to priove it.)



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The Gyárfás-Sumner Tree Conjecture (GSTC)

GSTC Given a fixed tree T, Forb T is χ -bounded (For forests, reducible to trees)

Generalizing Conjecture C, we obtain Conjecture D...

Theorem (It has a proof!) Conjecture $D \Rightarrow GSTC$

Conversely? --- ???

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[Or]

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Thank you for your attention!